Name JOHN YABLONSKY ALC373	MC-27
Address <u>A - 3 - 138</u>	
BOX 8500	同17.736
CORLINGA CA. 93210	DEC 1 6 2013
CDC or ID Number	COURT OF APPEAL FOURTH DISTRICT
COURT OF APPEAL STATE O	
FOURTH APPFILATE DISTRIG	6

Petitioner

PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

(To be supplied by the Clerk of the Court)

INSTRUCTIONS--READ CAREFULLY

- If you are challenging an order of commitment or a criminal conviction and are filing this petition in the Superior Court, you should file it in the county that made the order.
- If you are challenging the conditions of your confinement and are filing this petition in the Superior Court, you should file it in the county in which you are confined.
- Read the entire form before answering any questions.
- This petition must be clearly handwritten in ink or typed. You should exercise care to make sure all answers are true and correct. Because the petition includes a verification, the making of a statement that you know is false may result in a conviction for perjury.
- Answer all applicable questions in the proper spaces. If you need additional space, add an extra page and indicate that your answer is "continued on additional page."
- If you are filing this petition in the Superior Court, you need file only the original junless local rules require additional copies. Many courts require more copies.
- If you are filing this petition in the Court of Appeal, file the original and four copies of the petition and, if separately bound, one copy of any supporting documents.
- If you are filing this petition in the California Supreme Court, file the original and ten copies of the petition and, if separately bound, two copies of any supporting documents.
- Notify the Clerk of the Court in writing if you change your address after filing your petition.
- In most cases, the law requires service of a copy of the petition on the district attorney, city attorney, or city prosecutor. See Penal Code section 1475 and Government Code section 72193. You may serve the copy by mail.

Approved by the Judicial Council of California for use under rule 8.380 of the California Rules of Court [as amended effective January 1, 2007]. Subsequent amendments to rule 8.380 may change the number of copies to be furnished to the Supreme Court and Court of Appeal.

Page 1 of 6

John Henry Yablonsky AL-0373 Box 8500 Coalinga ,Ca. 93210

Case No. # EO 60202 Habeas Corpus Writ

Dear Clerk;

Please file these two seperate motions, and stamp filed to the attached seperate copies, and return them to the petitioner in this case. If there are any dates that these will be heard, please stamp the dates on the attached copies.

Thank you for the efforts that you provide and the professionalism.

Respectfully Submitted;

Jell Jelling 1/9/14

PROOF OF SERVICE BY AN INMATE ACCORDING TO PRISONER MAILBOX RULE

This service and mailing was conducted by a party to this action, and was conducted according to ordinary California State Prison Title 15, Div. 3 Section § 3142, and with Penal Code § 2601 (b). This mailing was inspected and sealed in the presence of an on duty correctional officer, in a fully-prepaid envelope that was addressed as follows;

California Appellate Courts 4th Appellate District 3389 Twelfth St. R.S., Ca. 92501

This service contained the following documents;

- * Request to deny request for trial transcripts
- * Formal request for Evidentiary Hearing

This sevice was conducted by and of an adult over the age of Eighteen, and mailed according to ordinary daily mail routines to be delivered by the United States Postal service, from the city of;

_	COALINGE					(※21 2 CODE	10	-		
	CITY	, , ,		tha	Wedneday	day	of	8th	of	the
This	service was	s conducted	OII	LHE	Wedneddy		-		_	
month	of <u>January</u>	,20 <u>14</u>			•					

ACCORDING TO THE PRISONER MAILBOX RULE
THIS SERVICE IS FILED WITH THE COURTS ON THIS DAY

UNDER THE PENALTY OF PERJURY

The forgoing is truthful and accurate to the knowledge of

John Henry Yablonsky

J.	Offic richts 2	No. of the last of		_
	Print Name		Signature	
		John Yablonsky AL-0373	02210	
MY	ADDRESS IS	Box 8500 Coalinga, Ca.	. 93210	_

John Henry Yablonsky AL-0373 Box 8500 Coalinga, Ca. 93210

Filed Dec. 16, 2013 In Re; Habeas Corpus Writ EO 60202

IN THE COURT OF APPEAL OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FOURTH APPELLATE DISTRICT
HABEAS CORPUS DIVISION

John Henry Yablonsky, petitioner

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S. Frauheim (warden) CDCR respondent

Formal Request to Deny Petitioners Request for Trial Transcripts

Petitioner at this time humbly requests the appellate court to deny his previous request for the court to order the state trial court to release and provide the petitioner with a full set of trial teanscripts that were the result of the case #FVI900518. Petitioner at this time has in his possession a full and certified copy of the complete trial transcripts that were the work product off the courts stenographer Shawna Manning CSR No. 12827*** according to government code 699540 D).

Respectfully Submitted

John Menry Yablonsky (pro-se)

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John Henry Yablonsky AL-0373 Box 8500 Coalinga, Ca. 93210

In Re; Habeas Corpus Writ EO 60202 Filed 12-16-13

IN THE COURT OF APPEAL OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FOURTH APPELLATE DISTRICT
HABEAS CORPUS DIVISION

John Henry Yablonsky, petitioner

۷s.

S. Fraueheim (warden)CDCR respondent

FORMAL REQUEST FOR APPELLATE COURT TO GRANT ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE AND ORDER EVIDENTIARY HEARING

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Comes now petitioner with good cause and humbly requests this court to consider granting an order to show cause with regards to this petition #EO 60202, that sets before the petitioners application for Writ of Habeas Corpus in this. The petitioner has read the full transcripts and believes that his 32 (thirty-two) grounds are on point and weigh merit for such an order before the courts at this time.

After the pleadings have been filed, if factual issues are in dispute, the court may order an evidentiary hearing, see In Re Lawler(1979)23 C3d 190,194,151 CR 833. A superior court entertaining a habeas petition is required to conduct an avidentiary hearing if a reasonable likelihood exists that the petitioner is entitled to relief and the entitlement depends on resolving a factual issue/s.Cal.Rules of Ct.4.551(f)

Because neither court of appeal nor the supreme court can take ,

testimony directly, an order to show cause issued by either 1 2 tribunak calling for an evidentiary hearing is generally made returnable before a superior court. Pen C §1508; In 3 Re Hochberg(1970)2 C3d 870,873,87 CR 681. The issuance of 4 an order to show cause by an appellate court is a determination 5 6 that the allegations stated prima facie case for relief. Afterward, the petition may not be denied summarily by a 7 trial court. Rose v. Superior court (2000) 81 CA4th 564,96 8 Cr2d 843. Alternatively, the reviewing court may appoint a referee to determine facts necessary for adjudication 10 of the petition. See In Re Weber(1974)11 C3d 303,114 CR 429. 11 See also, e.g., In Re Bell(2007)42 C4th 630,67 CR3d 781. 12 A referee's findings are not binding on the court but are 13 entitiled to great weight when supported by substancial 14 evidence (InRe Miranda (2008)43 C4th 541,554,76 CR3d 172), 15 especially those findings involving credibility issues and 16 determoinations. InRe Bell (2007) 42 C4th 630,639,67 CR3d 17 781. 18 Here in the petitioners application for writ in the superior 19 court, and during the informal arguements, the ADA Ferguson 20 stated facts regarding the petitioners claims as insufficient 21 or inaccurate, or thereby intensionally mistating the truths 22 23 himself in order to satisfy the courts influencial opinions with regards to grounds that the superior honorable judge 24 had requested. The attorney Ferguson told the courts that 25 the trial court conducted sufficient Voir dire to purge 26

Request for evidentiary hearing (2)

County District Attorney mailed to the entire,

out the biased jurors from the election flyers that the

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county's voter population, when in fact there was not one question from the trial court with regards to the Re-election flyers that the County District Attorney flooded his opinion of the defendants guilt after the defendants trial was scheduled to begin in just over 40 days and over one month after the trial was placed on the calendar by his office to prosecute the defendant for the murder of a local woman. ADA Ferguson again stated that there was evidence issues that were found under the victim when in fact that was untrue, and was only an attempt to influence the courts opinion abouth the trails record, and the actual evidence in this case. ADA feerguson again mistated the fact that there were only one of two jurora that identified with the existance of the flyers that were mailed to them, and that none of these jurora sat in the trial, when in fact there was at least one that sat in this trial. ADA Ferguson then stated that the wording in the defendants petition was not verbatim according to the trial transcripts and that being so that the ground fails without merit, when there were at least four requests by the petitioner for the courts to order trial transcripts, and this being so, that Detective Alexander intentionally mistated the existance of the fingerprint teport, which shows that the defendants prints were not at the scene and that [only] the victims and one other persons were located at this scene. The probative value of this perjured testimony by the states prosecutors lead investigator is that the states entire case was bolstered by the DDA Thomas that the defendant Yablonsky was the only suspect to this case,:

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Request for evidentiary hearing (3)

repeatedly throughout the trial.

ADA Ferguson stated that there was no proofthat there was 1 any discrepency in the interrogation recording transcripts, yet 2 in the sworn testimony by Detective Alexander that the transcripts 3 were accurate the trial attorney Sanders and the trial 4 judge The Honorable Tomberlin stipulated that they were 5 altered, and the record does not reflect [any[] formal 6 authentication or entry onto the record of these transcriptions of the interrogation, either of the original or either of 8 the altered versions that were presented to the jury for trial purposes during the trial. The fact that the interrogation 10 was altered and the defendant told the trial attorney that 11 it was in fact altered according to the version he was given two years before the trial, indicates the [mandatory] need 13 to have the interrogation devices authenticated, while there exists one portion that was conducted under a video camera 15 that would have shown the deception without any formal audio 16 17 specialists.

These recording devices , had they been verified would 19||have produced 4th Amendment violatioons, Miranda violations, that the defendant was not allowed to terminate the interrogation and that a formal request for non-custodial continuance of , the Interrogation was denied and that the defendant was forced to the police station, ad well as shown that the police knew that the defendant owned a dark blue pinto and not the silver one the states witness seen at the scene 26 of the crime when the crime was to have been committed. ADA Ferguson stated that the states witnesses Bruce Nash and John Sullivan didn Υ give perjured testimony,

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Request for evidentiary hearing (4)

while the record does reflect that both parties had given, on twp seperate occaisions, either same or influenced testimonial statements to the police 3 days after the crime was committed and then again only 25 years after the crime was committed.

Johyn Sullivan differently 25 years later than his 3 days later than, and then bruce Nash identical statements 3 days and 25 years after the crime, and theses statements were perjurde in front of the jury, either by the influence of the prosecutor or the abuse of discretion of the state courts.

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The petitioner was told by the trial attorney that he was going to perform specoific investigations and interview certain witnesses that would support his defense and would have provided evidence for the courts during his on and off the records arguements in the defense of his client, but [none], not one effort to support his legal disputes when had his investigations been done he would have had the prooof to support his disputes, when these evidences were available to just put forth his required efforts to defend his client. The state presented evidence that directly proved that his client was innocent, but because he failed to provide the very minimal investigations, these evidences were used to prosecute his client, when his investigation would have shown that his client was not there when this crime was committed, and that the person that owned and belonged to the watch pin found at the scene that the prosecutor states was the direct evidence of the struggle that occured in this murder, and that that watch pin did not come from or belong to the defendant in hthis case.

The red hair that was recovered from the body that had the entire root-bulb attached would have also proved that this hair was not from the definedant, and would have given the defendant an oppertunity to show the jury that while the DDA Thomas was declaring throughout the entire trial that John Yablonsky Was the only suspect in this case, the forensics report from the watch pin, and the forensice report from the red hair with the root bulb attached that was pulled from the perpetraitor as they killed Rita Cobb over one and a half days after the defendant had been with Rita was proof that John Henry Yablonsky was not the suspect in this case on any level, and that the District Attorney was living through his teeth to the jury when he declared that Yablonsy was the states only suspect.

The factual merits of this case were disguised by the states influence on the defendants attorney'd interests. While during the first and second sessions of the Marsden hearing that were conducted that prove the attorney lied to the trial judge about occurances in front of the Honorable Judge Nakata in department three. The basis of the attorney's intensional mistatement of facts during the marsden hearing weighed heavily on the courts decision to grant or deny the marsden hearing, while these mistatements go to the credibility of the attorney's entire basis of attorney client relationship throughout the entire case. (That this attorney Dave Sanders lied to me constantly to prevent himself from having to do the work needed to defend his clients constitutional interests in this case, while his client is factually and legally innocent.)

Request for evidentiary hearing (6)

Without further burdening this court of reading material that would support the petitioners interests in this case, petitioner feels this case to weigh serious merit claiming proof and showing of prima facice claims the petition has and hopes this court to consider the merits of this claim and either grant an order to show cause, and order an evidentiary hearing to be conducted in the states superior court.

The superior copurt in the petitioners first filing had ordered an extension of time under the Calif. Rules of court 4.551 (f) in order for the court to review the petitioners substancial claims in his Writ of Habeas Corpus filing, but this was conducted out of the presence of thje petitioner or the states ADA Ferguson and was only used as an effort for the court to read the extensive filing by the petitioner and did not allow further legal pleadings by either parties or designate a referee to review the records. The Petitioner did file an ammended complaint and reply to the court declaring that ADA Ferguson was a liar for mistating fact as the record reflects.

Petitioner in this instant case will control his verbal expressions in his pleading to reflect professionalism and make every effort to meet the court required guidelines with the Rules Of the Habeas Corpus Writ proceedings before them.

Respectfully Symmitted;

John hejzy radionyng

Request for evidentiary hearing (7)